We propose a **convex** concomitant formulation to **jointly** estimate the regression coefficients and the covariance matrix in **high dimensional** linear regression with **correlated Gaussian noise**.

Our estimator outperforms competitors on synthetic and real data.

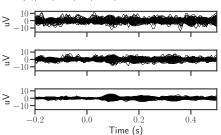
 Real data, auditory stimulation

 Image: ClaR (ours)
 SGCL
 MLER
 MLE
 MRCER
 MTL

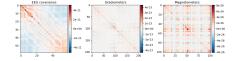
## Concomitant Lasso with repetitions (CLaR)

Q. Bertrand<sup>1</sup> M. Massias<sup>1</sup> A. Gramfort<sup>1</sup> J. Salmon<sup>2</sup>. <sup>1</sup>Inria, Univ. Paris Saclay, <sup>2</sup>IMAG, Univ. Montpellier, CNRS

- Intro
  - M/EEG data are very noisy (SNR=1)
  - it is thus customary to make several repetitions of the same experiment
  - in order to average the signals and increase the signal to noise ratio
    - Real EEG data
  - # of repetitions 5 (top), 10 (middle), 50 (bottom)



• M/EEG data are contaminated with correlated Gaussian noise



Model and notations Linear Multi-Task setting with correlated Gaussian noise:

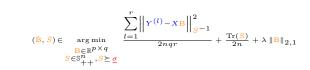
- $n: \# ext{ of sensors}$
- p : # of features
- q : # of tasks/time points
- $X \in \mathbb{R}^{n imes p}$  : design matrix
- $\mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{p imes q}$  : regression coefficients
- $S \in \mathbb{R}^{n imes n}$  : square root of the covariance matrix
- $\mathbf{E}^{(l)} \in \mathbb{R}^{n imes q}$  random matrix with i.i.d. normal entries
- $Y^{(l)} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times q}$ : signals

Model:  $Y^{(l)} = XB^* + S^*E^{(l)}, \forall l \in [r]$ 

•  $\bar{Y} = \frac{1}{r} \sum_{l} Y^{(l)} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  mean of the signals across repetitions

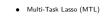






Previous approaches: use the mean

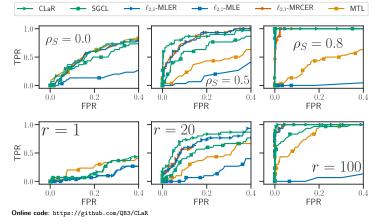
Our approach: use repetitions



$$\hat{\mathbf{B}} \in \mathop{\arg\min}_{\mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{p \times q}} \frac{1}{2nq} \left| \left| \bar{Y} - X\mathbf{B} \right| \right|^{2} + \lambda \left\| \mathbf{B} \right\|_{2,1}$$

• SGCL  $(\hat{\mathbf{B}}, \hat{S}) \in \underset{\substack{\mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{p \times q} \\ S \in \mathbb{S}_{++}^n, S \succeq \underline{\sigma}}}{\operatorname{arg min}} \quad \frac{\|\bar{Y} - X\mathbf{B}\|_{S-1}^2}{2nq} + \frac{\operatorname{Tr}(S)}{2n} + \lambda \|\mathbf{B}\|_{2,1}$ 

More experin



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